Year 4 Summer 2 Animals including Humans

Week	NC objectives	REMEMBER (prior knowledge)	KNOW (new knowledge)
1 2 3 4 5 6	 describe the simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans identify the different types of teeth in humans and their simple functions construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey 	Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. (Y1 - Animals, including humans) Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival (water, food and air). (Y2 - Animals, including humans) Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene. (Y2 - Animals, including humans) Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat. (Y3 - Animals, including humans)	To know, identify and name parts of the human digestive system. To know and explain the functions of the digestive system. Food enters the body through the mouth. Digestion starts when the teeth start to break the food down. Saliva is added and the tongue rolls the food into a ball. The food is swallowed and passes down the oesophagus to the stomach. Here the food is broken down further by being churned around and other chemicals are added. The food passes into the small intestine. Here nutrients are removed from the food and leave the digestive system to

	be u bloo	used elsewhere in the body (via the od).
	larg rem Wh unti whe To l teet	e rest of the food then passes into the se intestine. Here the water is loved for use elsewhere in the body. at is left is then stored in the rectum I it leaves the body through the anusen you go to the toilet. know that humans and animals have the holp them eat. Different teeth e different jobs.
	ford	mans have four types of teeth: incisors cutting; canines for tearing; and molars premolars for grinding (chewing).
	caus To I clas	know what ses tooth decay. know that living things can be sified as producers, predators and y according to their place in the food in.

		pr	Nutrients produced by plants move to rimary consumers then to secondary onsumers through food chains.
Vocabulary	Prior knowledge vocabulary skeleton, skull, bones, muscles, movement, support, protection, nutrition	New vocabulary mouth, tongue, teeth, oseophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, nutrients, absorb, canine, incisor, molar	
	p. 0.00.000, nam	producer, consumer, ap	pex predator